

Zagreb-Generator-Infos

https://www.reddit.com/r/Physics_AWT/comments/5kbn0e/croatian_company_innova_tehno1943_doo_takes/

This [Free Energy Device \(D1943\) IPP7.4 \(independent power producer\)](#) was **first made in 1943 in Dresden**, the project was stopped because there were no possibilities and technologies to complete ... unconfirmed information says that altogether worked for the aircraft named "Glocke" I repeat only in theory, But they are finally finished device with power of 7.4 kW 220/380 V. at the end of the August 2016 they testing live on their [their YT channel](#).

After these period goes and sells equipment to the principle you order and we deliver it in the territory of the European Union. The device delivered to the address, buyer pay 30 days later, with the possibility of return if do not want the device - trial costs nothing.

[Here](#) Innova Tehno EU writes »has already 12 owners«, see:

[Donovan De Jager](#) vor 1 Monat (**Anfang August 2016**)

would the **12 customers** be willing to give some sort of testimony?

Antworten [1](#)

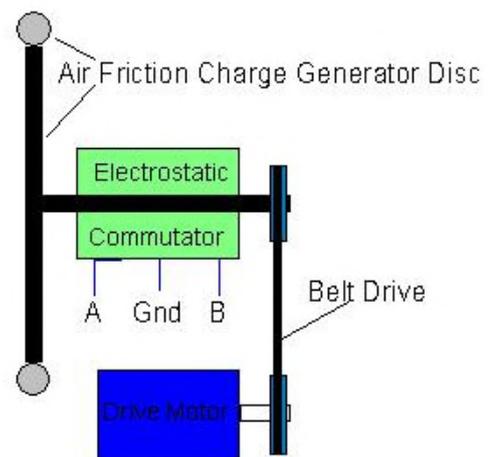
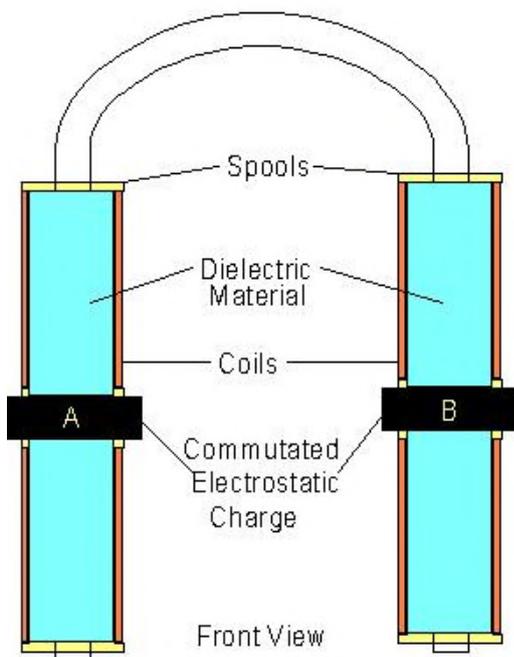
Then why is he not showing the (already 12 times sold) factory-made version of that device in his latest video? Guarantees will be, but no need, the appliance **components exist in the industry for 50 years** so it is unnecessary warranty, **the product will work a minimum of 50 years**. After the device is switched on, never turn off. The device is used for; all devices on the power 220-380V 50 Hz, maximum 7350 W this means for example electric water heater for the house with central heating cca. 4kW, 2.5kW washing machines and lighting at the same time can be included. all above 7.5 kw unit automatically pauses until the surplus power off. The device does not consume any fuel as such perpetual motion. Price of the final model in sound insulation box will not be higher than € 3,000!



The name of the HV probe at the bottom is **Tektronix P6015A**, so we know there is high voltage involved. Tastkopf 1000:1, 3 pF, 100 MOhm



<http://i.imgur.com/v2k7hDF.jpg> Spannungen bis zu 20 kV_{eff} und Impulse bis zu 40 kV (Spitze, 100 ms Dauer) messen. Die Bandbreite von 75 MHz



Side View
Detail of the commutator not shown but basically alternates A or B to charge or to ground

Static Electricity that is generated on a properly treated insulated wire will produce more than a kilowatt in a light wind, according to Paul Clint. This becomes possible because of a phenomenon in physics known as the **electret effect**.

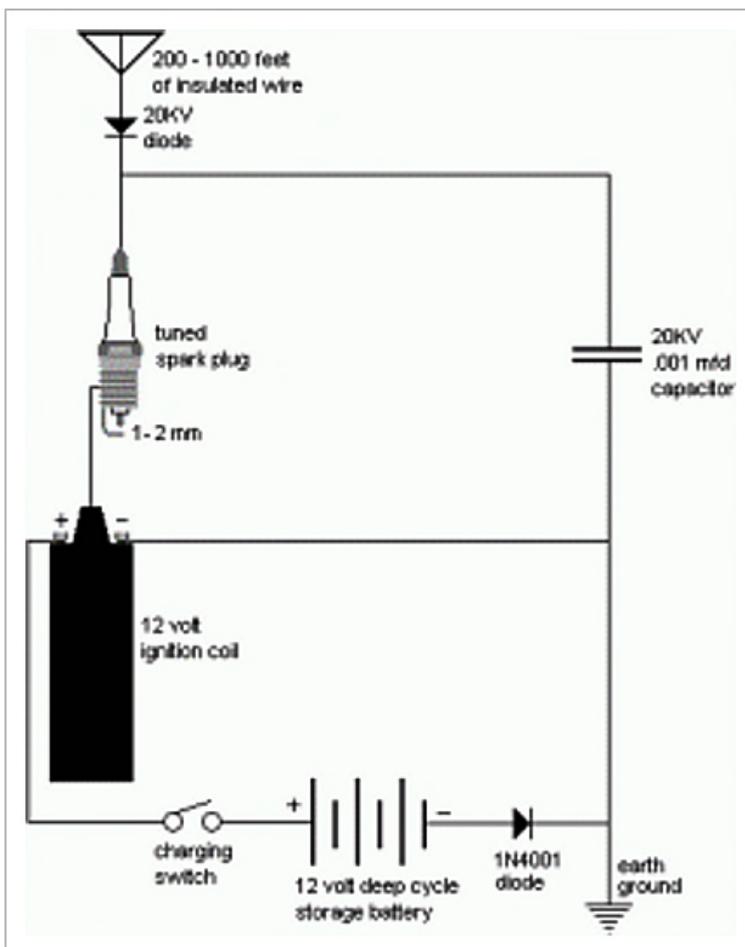
This effect occurs when the surface between a conductor and a dielectric obtains a permanent electric field. This field has the same effect on static electricity that a magnetic field has on iron filings. A treated piece of insulated wire strung out in the wind will act as a **Van de Graaf high voltage generator**.

In some conditions, **a 400-foot length of wire can generate 50 kW** and even on a bright sunny day with a breeze of 3-4 mph, it **will average 10 kilowatts**, according to [Paul Clint's calculations](#).

<http://www.nuenergy.org/radiant-energy-diatrube/>

The static electricity generated can be used to charge a battery using.

A circuit is needed to convert static charge into low voltage to charge



batteries. An efficient voltage controller must be used to keep your battery from overcharging. The least expensive design used a spark plug, an old automotive coil, a 0.001 uF, 3 to 20 kV capacitor and a ground rod.

This far, I have devised two methods. The first is simple and inexpensive but only 15-20% efficient. It simply involves breaking the current into pulses with a spark gap, and then transforming the voltage down and

current up with a transformer and increasing the pulse duration with a capacitor in parallel. The circuit can also easily protect a battery from overcharging. Bill Alek's controller might be the perfect solution for the task.

Any ordinary antenna will collect charge but without the electret effect. Virtual all insulated cable exhibits some degree of the electret effect.

Treating the coax will increase the electret effect at least 10 times.

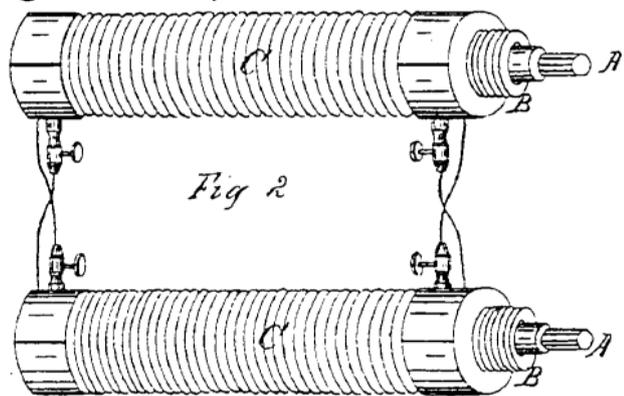
Buy cheap coax RF cable, that has a center wire and a shield cylindrical wire. Then cut off the outer plastic skin and put the whole cable into your oven and heat it up to about 100 degrees Celsius or more, so that the internal plastic insulation almost begins to melt. Then apply from a D.C. high voltage source around 30 kilovolts or maybe a little less, so that there will be no arc-over yet inside the cable. Then let the cable cool down slowly again, but still apply the high voltage D.C. When the cable has come down to room temperature again, it will be a pretty good electret! Now hang this cable in the air and the outer layer of the shield metal (which does not have any plastic isolation skin anymore), will now attract lots of free ionized electrons from the air and charge up the outer shield metal of the cable. This way you can collect lots of more charges as before and have a much higher electrical output from this cable (recommended by Dipl.-Ing. Stefan Hartmann, Berlin). The treatment as suggested by Stefan Hartmann should increase the electret effect of the cable at least 100 times, and with some cable, as much as 1000 times (depending on how hard the engineers worked). Use the conversion circuit in this article to convert your collected charge into electrical power.

Teflon tape can be dangled from a cable and wonderful results can be obtained in a thunderstorm, using an ordinary 400-foot cable with Teflon tape produced a continuous arc eight feet long. Essentially what you have is a type of Van De Graff Generator. Here you can see [the back side of the coils](#), which are wound each on a metallic cylinder.



Makes that **two** »magic« capacitors, see [Fig. 3](#) and [Fig. 6.](#), - inner capacitor plate would be wrapped round with wire (already seen in Kapanadze videos)...

<http://www.haroldaspden.com/lectures/27.htm>



These two cylinders are halves of a [UV Fly Killer Lamp](#) casing similar to this below. Very amusing.

[Video shows](#) approx: 22.7 or so amps (5KW) in these coils during soldering.



The silver parts looking like the [tops of aerosol cans](#) (Spraydosen) and the flat yellow parts like the [lids of jam jars](#) (Deckel von Marmeladengläser).

Don't know what the copper colored hemispheres could be.

Firmenangaben (gegründet 1993)

What does [Veličina 1 - mali](#) mean? A one-man company, **director is Vesna Zubanović** (a woman's name in Croatia)? (Gattin des Erfinders und einer der Gesellschafter)

OIB 65400189990 and Registracijski broj 080316484 are the same as given on the [innovatehno.eu contact information page](#).

Also some of the locations of the delivery offices on the [order page](#) are somewhat strange. E.g. there is one in [Glockenturm, 8010 Graz, Austria](#), and another is in [A14, 04741 Roßwein, Germany](#), in the middle of the Autobahn A14.